REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Claims 1 and 5-24 are pending in this application. By this amendment claims 21-24 are added. Reconsideration in view of the following remarks is respectfully requested.

Applicant sincerely acknowledges the Office Action's indication that claims 8-10, 13-14 and 16-17 define patentable subject matter. However, for at least the reasons set forth below Applicant respectfully submits all pending claims are in condition for allowance.

A. The Office Action rejects claims 1, 5-7, 11-12, 15 and 18-20 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) over U.S. Patent No. 5,946,622 to Bojerd, U.S. Patent No. 5,917,811 to Weaver Jr. et al. (hereinafter Weaver), U.S. Patent No. 5,999,816 to Tiedemann Jr. et al. (hereinafter Tiedemann) and U.S. Patent No. 5,603,096 to Gilhousen et al. (hereinafter Gilhousen). The rejection is respectfully traversed.

<u>Boierd</u>

The Office Action alleges that Bojerd teaches a cellular/wireless system including a macrocell and picocell and the ability to hand off between the two systems. The Office Action acknowledges that Bojerd does not teach "performing a power control such that a transmission power level of said mobile station is not lowered, if said mobile station is determined to be within said soft handoff region and if a soft handoff of said mobile station is required.

<u>Gilhousen</u>

Regarding claim 1, the Office Action asserts that Gilhousen teaches reverse link closed

loop power control whereby:

"if the mobile is in a soft hand-off mode, then power control commands are received from two or more base stations at the same time. The general rule for

combining the control commands from multiple base stations is that the power is turned

up only if all received power control commands agree to turn up the power. Power will

be turned down if any of the power control signals instruct the mobile to "turn down".

Power will be unchanged if all but one base station command "turn up" and one

commands "no change". See column 6, lines 55-65 of Gilhousen.

The Office Action asserts that the above teaching in Gilhousen discloses that three options are

available for power control during a soft handoff from any cell to another, i.e., increase, decrease

or do not change transmit power. See page 3, lines 4-13 of the Office Action. The Office

Action appears to assert that the three options disclosed at least the feature of "the transmit

power of the mobile is not lowered during a soft handoff" as variously recited in the

independent claims. See page 2, lines 12-15 of the Office Action.

Applicant respectfully disagrees with this characterization. Applicant respectfully submits

that Gilhousen, and in particular the cited portion of Gilhousen, explicitly teaches to lower the

gain of the base station in other words, column 6, lines 57-58 of Gilhousen discloses power will

be turned down if any of the power control signals instruct the mobile to "turn down" if the

mobile is in a soft hand-off mode. Thus, Applicant respectfully submits that the Office Action

improperly modifies Gilhousen (in contrast to its explicit disclosure) when it eliminates one

condition expressly taught in Gilhousen. As expressly stated in the above-referenced section,

Applicant respectfully submits Gilhousen teaches to decrease the gain.

In contrast, Applicant's claim 1 recites performing a power control such that a

transmission power level of said mobile station is not lowered, if said mobile station is

determined to be within said handoff region and if a soft handoff of said mobile station is

required and combinations thereof. Thus, Applicant's claim 1 recites features of performing a

power control if a soft handoff of said mobile station is required in a soft handoff region and

combinations thereof.

<u>Weaver</u>

The Office Action asserts Weaver provides a system that controls forward/reverse link

coverage areas, which depend on power control. Applicant respectfully submits that Weaver

uses different, independent procedures to control the forward and reverse link power. In

addition, Applicant respectfully notes Weaver is directed to a method and apparatus for

measurement directed hard handoff in a CDMA system. Applicant respectfully submits that

Weaver is silent with respect to power control methods during a soft handover.

<u>Tiedemann</u>

With respect to Tiedemann, Applicant respectfully submits that Office Action again

ignores the express teaching of this reference, which discloses in column 17, lines 51-60n the

following (with emphasis added).

Regarding the reverse link power control, the transmission power of the mobile Station is controlled in a closed loop fashion by comparing the received energy of A group of symbols in the reverse link frame to a threshold value. If the received Energy of a group of symbols is less then the threshold value, the mobile station is instructed to increase its transmission power. If received energy of a group of symbols is above the threshold value, the mobile station is instructed to decrease its transmission power.

As expressly stated in the above-referenced section, Tiedemann teaches a conventional closed loop control which allows for the control power to be lowered, which is in direct contradiction to the functionality the Office Action alleges Tiedemann supports.

§103 Rejection

As stated in MPEP § 2143.01, to establish prima facie obviousness of a claimed a) invention, all the claim limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art. In re Royka, 490 F.2d981, 180 USPQ 580 (CCPA 1974). "All words in a claim must be considered in judging the patentability of that claim against the prior art." In re Wilson, 424 F.2d 1382, 165 USPQ 494, 496 (CCPA 1970). Neither Bojerd, Gilhousen, Weaver, and Tiedemann individually, nor the combination of these references discloses at least features of performing a power control such that a transmission power level of said mobile station is not lowered, if a soft handoff of said mobile station is required and combinations thereof as recited claim 1. Therefore, these references do not render Applicant's claimed combinations obvious as alleged by the Office Action.

For at least the reasons set forth above Applicant respectfully submits claim 1 defines

patentable subject matter. Claims 11 and 20 define patentable subject matter for at least reasons

similar to claim 1. Claims 5-7, 12, 15 and 18-19 depend from claims 1 and 11 respectively, and

therefore also define patentable subject matter. Withdrawal of the rejection of claims 1, 5-7, 11-

12, 15 and 18-20 under 35 U.S.C. \S 103 is respectfully requested.

B. Claims 21-24 are newly added in this Amendment and believed to b ein condition for

allowance.

C. Statement of the Substance of the Interview:

Applicant sincerely acknowledges the courtesies extended by Examiner D'Agosta to

Applicant's representative, Carl Wesolowski, during a January 27, 2005 personal interview.

The substance of the personal interview is incorporated in the following remarks.

During the interview, claims 1 and 5-20 were argued to be allowable over the Gilhousen

reference because the Gilhousen reference teaches to lower a transmission power of a mobile

station under prescribed conditions during a soft handoff that and thus teaches away from at

least features recited independent claims 1, 11 and 20. The outstanding rejection of the pending

claims was argued to be in error on at least these grounds, however, no agreement was reached

to this point.

No exhibit was presented or demonstration conducted during the interview.

Serial No. 09/655,402

Amdt. Dated February 15, 2005

Reply to Office Action of November 15, 2004

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, it is respectfully submitted that the

application is in condition for allowance. If the Examiner believes that any additional changes

would place the application in better condition for allowance, the Examiner is invited to contact

the undersigned attorney, Carl R. Wesolowski, at the telephone number listed below. Favorable

consideration and prompt allowance are earnestly solicited.

To the extent necessary, a petition for an extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 is

hereby made. Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this,

concurrent and future replies, including extension of time fees, to Deposit Account 16-0607 and

please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted,

FLESHNER & KIM, LLP

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Docket No. K-0214

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Date: February 15, 2005

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